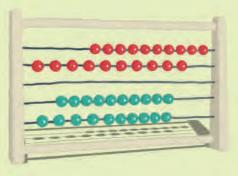
EDUCATION

Data from the 2013-2014 Kosovo* Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey

PRE-SCHOOL & SCHOOL READINESS



READINESS OF CHILDREN FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL CAN BE IMPROVED THROUGH ATTENDANCE TO QUALITY PRESCHOOL AND EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION PROGRAMMES. ATTENDANCE TO PRE-SCHOOL EDUCATION IS IMPORTANT FOR THE READINESS OF CHILDREN TO SCHOOL

14% OF CHILDREN AGE 36-59 MONTHS ARE ATTENDING AN
ORGANISED EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION PROGRAMME
23% URBAN23% URBAN7% POOREST
36-47 MONTHS: 13%
48-59 MONTHS: 15%

66% OF CHILDREN AGE 36-59 MONTHS WERE ENGAGED IN ACTIVITIES BY ADULT HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS THAT PROMOTE LEARNING AND SCHOOL READINESS 36-47 MONTHS: 67% 55% POOREST 48-59 MONTHS: 66% 81% RICHEST

SOCIAL

EMOTIONAL

837.

6% OF FATHERS 43% OF MOTHERS

LITERACY
NUMERACY
187.83% OF CHILDREN AGE 36-59 MONTHS ARE
DEVELOPMENTALLY ON TRACK BUT ONLY 18% ON
TRACK IN THE LITERACY-NUMERACY DOMAIN
WITH NOTABLE DIFFERENCES BY WEALTH
14% POOREST187.14% POOREST33% RICHEST

76% OF CHILDREN WHO ARE CURRENTLY ATTENDING
THE FIRST GRADE OF PRIMARY SCHOOL WERE
ATTENDING PRE-SCHOOL THE PREVIOUS YEAR83% URBAN64% POOREST71% RURAL87% RICHEST

PHYSICAL

97%



* For UNICEF and UNFPA, all references to Kosovo are made in the context of UN Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999)



LEARNING

96%

1 IN 3 CHILDREN UNDER AGE 5 YEARSHAVE 3 OR MORE CHILDREN'S BOOKS10% POOREST67% RICHEST





PRIMARY EDUCATION

EDUCATION IS A VITAL PREREQUISITE FOR COMBATING POVERTY, EMPOWERING WOMEN, PROTECTING CHILDREN FROM HAZARDOUS AND EXPLOITATIVE LABOUR AND SEXUAL EXPLOITATION, PROMOTING HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY, PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT, AND INFLUENCING POPULATION GROWTH

THE MAJORITY (98%) OF CHILDREN OF PRIMARY SCHOOL AGE (AGE 6-10 YEARS) ATTEND SCHOOL

2% OUT OF SCHOOL, PRIMARILY DUE TO A SLIGHTLY LOWER ATTENDANCE RATE (92%) FOR CHILDREN AGE 6 YEARS

1 IN 10 MALE CHILDREN (10%) AGE 6 YEARS ARE OUT OF SCHOOL

91% ATTENDANCE WHERE THE MOTHER HAS NO EDUCATION AND 99% ATTENDANCE WHERE THE MOTHER HAS LOWER SECONDARY EDUCATION



LOWER SECONDARY EDUCATION

96% OF CHILDREN OF LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL AGE (AGE 11-14 YEARS) ARE ATTENDING LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL OR HIGHER

THIS VALUE IS REDUCED PRIMARILY TO A LOWER ATTENDANCE RATE (88%) FOR CHILDREN AGE 11 YEARS, MOST OF WHOM ARE STILL IN PRIMARY SCHOOL (11%)

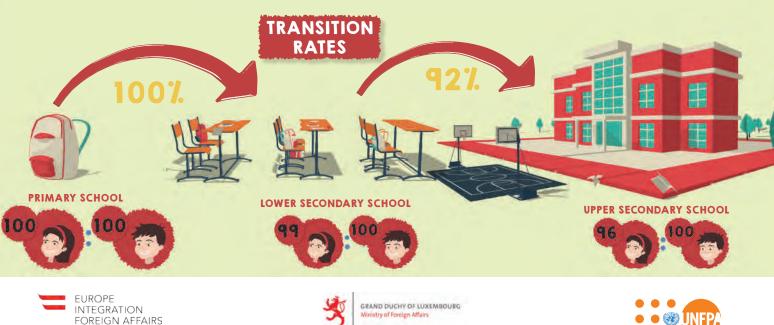
86% ATTENDANCE WHERE THE MOTHER HAS NO EDUCATION AND 97% ATTENDANCE WHERE THE MOTHER HAS LOWER SECONDARY EDUCATION

UPPER SECONDARY EDUCATION

4 IN 5 (82%) CHILDREN OF UPPER SECONDARY SCHOOL AGE (AGE 15-18 YEARS) ARE ATTENDING UPPER SECONDARY SCHOOL OR HIGHER 67% POOREST 95% RICHEST

> FEDERAL MINISTRY REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA

OF THE REMAINING 1 IN 5 CHILDREN, MOST (14%) ARE COMPLETELY OUT OF SCHOOL AGE 15 YEARS: 8% AGE 18 YEARS: 25%



Directorate for Development Cooperation